



Space engineering

Adoption Notice of CCSDS 232.0-B-4, TC Space Data Link Protocol

ECSS Secretariat
ESA-ESTEC
Requirements & Standards Section
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Foreword

This Adoption Notice is one document of the series of ECSS Standards intended to be applied together for the management, engineering, product assurance and sustainability in space projects and applications. ECSS is a cooperative effort of the European Space Agency, national space agencies and European industry associations for the purpose of developing and maintaining common standards. Requirements in this Standard are defined in terms of what shall be accomplished, rather than in terms of how to organize and perform the necessary work. This allows existing organizational structures and methods to be applied where they are effective, and for the structures and methods to evolve as necessary without rewriting the standards.

This Adoption Notice has been prepared by the ECSS Space Communications Working Group, reviewed by the ECSS Executive Secretariat and approved by the ECSS Technical Authority.

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Change log

ECSS-E-AS-50-25C 1 March 2021	First issue NOTE: This document, together with ECSS-E-AS-50-24C and ECSS-E-AS-50-26C, replace ECSS-E-ST-50-04C.
ECSS-E-AS-50-25C Rev.1 13 January 2023	First issue, Revision 1 Changes with respect to ECSS-E-AS-50-25C (1 March 2021) are: Update of the ECSS Adoption Notice with respect to the new version of CCSDS Standard. This version: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• adds corrections and clarifications;• adds a protocol implementation conformance statement proforma as new normative Annex A.

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1 Scope

This document identifies the clauses and requirements modified with respect to the standard [CCSDS 232.0-B-4TC Space Data Link Protocol, Issue 4, October 2021](#) for application in ECSS.

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Context information

In the standard [CCSDS 232.0-B-4](#), *TC Space Data Link Protocol*, CCSDS specifies a data link layer protocol for the efficient transfer of space application data of various types and characteristics over ground-to-space links.

With this Adoption Notice ECSS is adopting and applying [CCSDS 232.0-B-4](#) with a minimum set of modifications, identified in the present document, to allow for reference and for a consistent integration in the ECSS system of standards.

The TC Transfer Frame specified in [CCSDS 232.0-B-4](#) is similar to the TC Transfer Frame specified in clauses 5 (Segmentation sublayer) and 6 (Transfer sublayer) in the ECSS-E-ST-50-04 *Space data links – Telecommand protocols synchronization and channel coding* (31 July 2008), that is superseded by this Adoption Notice together with the following two Adoption Notices: ECSS-E-ST-50-24, and ECSS-E-AS-50-26 ([latest versions](#)).

Differences between this Adoption Note and the relevant part of ECSS-E-ST-50-04 that are not covered by the normative modifications in clause 4 are described in the informative Annex A.

Overview of superseded ECSS-E-50-xx Standards

Superseded ECSS	ECSS Adopted Notice	Based on CCSDS
ECSS-E-ST-50-01C 31 July 2008	ECSS-E-AS-50-21	CCSDS 131.0-B-x
ECSS-E-ST-50-03C 31 July 2008	ECSS-E-AS-50-22	CCSDS 132.0-B-x
	ECSS-E-AS-50-23	CCSDS 732.0-B-x
ECSS-E-ST-50-04C 31 July 2008	ECSS-E-AS-50-24	CCSDS 231.0-B-x
	ECSS-E-AS-50-25	CCSDS 232.0-B-x
	ECSS-E-AS-50-26	CCSDS 232.1-B-x
NOTE: The applicable CCSDS Standard referred to by the ECSS Adoption Notice is stated per latest version of the ECSS Adoption Notice.		

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Abbreviated terms

Abbreviation	Meaning
COP	Communications Operation Procedure
FARM	Frame Acceptance and Reporting Mechanism
FDU	Frame Data Unit
GVCID	Global Virtual Channel Identifier
SDLS	Space Data Link Security

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Application requirements

ECSS-E-AS-50-25_1560001

- a. CCSDS 232.0-B-4, TC Space Data Link Protocol, [Issue 4, October 2021](#) shall apply with the following modifications listed in Table 4-1.

ECSS-E-AS-50-25_1560002

Table 4-1: Applicability table for CCSDS 232.0-B-4

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
4.1.1b	Modified	Transfer Frame Data Field (up to 1017 octets, mandatory);	CCSDS requirement modified: number "1019" deleted	Transfer Frame Data Field (up to 1019 or 1017 octets, mandatory);
4.1.1c	Modified	Frame Error Control Field (2 octets, <u>mandatory</u>).	CCSDS requirement modified: word "optional" replaced by the word "mandatory."	Frame Error Control Field (2 octets, optional).
4.1.3.2.1.4	Modified (renumbered NOTE)	<u>NOTE 1</u>	CCSDS existing NOTE is given a new number – the content of the note is unchanged	NOTE

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
4.1.3.2.1.4	Modified (new NOTE)	NOTE 2 – If the Packet Assembly Controller Function specified in 4.4.9 is used, there can be Frame Data Units that carry a MAP Reset command. In this case, the Frame Data Unit consists of a Segment Header only and the User Data field is absent. See 4.4.9.4.	New NOTE is added	
4.1.4.1.1	Modified (deleted requirement)		Requirement deleted	The Frame Error Control Field is optional; its presence or absence shall be established by management.
4.1.4.1.2	Modified	<u>The</u> Frame Error Control Field shall occupy the two octets following, without gap, the Transfer Frame Data Field.	CCSDS requirement modified: words “if present” deleted.	If present, the Frame Error Control Field shall occupy the two octets following, without gap, the Transfer Frame Data Field.
4.1.4.1.3	Modified (deleted requirement)		Requirement deleted	If present, the Frame Error Control Field shall occur within every Transfer Frame transmitted within the same Physical Channel throughout a Mission Phase.
Note 2, below 4.1.4.1.3	Modified (deleted NOTE)		NOTE deleted	Whether this field should be used on a particular Physical Channel will be determined based on the mission requirements for data quality and the selected options for the underlying Channel Coding Sublayer.

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
Note 1 in 4.2.1.8.3.1	Modified (modified NOTE)	The No Bit Lock Flag provides a performance quality indicator that indicates specifically whether the Physical Layer is working normally by having enough signal energy to achieve bit synchronization with the received data stream.	CCSDS requirement modified: words “mission specific engineering measurement that” deleted.	The No Bit Lock Flag is an optional, mission-specific engineering measurement that provides a performance quality indicator that indicates specifically whether the Physical Layer is working normally by having enough signal energy to achieve bit synchronization with the received data stream.
4.2.1.8.3.2	Modified	<u>The No Bit Lock Flag shall be set as follows: ‘0’ when at least one of the spacecraft demodulation units for the physical channel has achieved bit lock; ‘1’ when none of the spacecraft demodulation units for the physical channel has achieved bit lock.</u>	CCSDS requirement modified to refer to spacecraft demodulation units for the physical channel. Sentences “Use of the No Bit Lock Flag is optional; if used, a) ‘0’ shall indicate bit lock has been achieved; b) ‘1’ shall indicate bit lock has not been achieved.” deleted.	Use of the No Bit Lock Flag is optional; if used, a) ‘0’ shall indicate bit lock has been achieved; b) ‘1’ shall indicate bit lock has not been achieved.
4.2.1.8.3.3	Modified	<u>The No Bit Lock Flag shall always carry an actual report of the status of the physical channel, even when other fields in the CLCW report the status of an inactive virtual channel.</u>	CCSDS requirement modified to refer to actual report of the status of the physical channel. Sentence “The single No Bit Lock Flag shall apply to all Virtual Channels and shall be updated whenever a change is signaled by the Physical Layer”. deleted.	The single No Bit Lock Flag shall apply to all Virtual Channels and shall be updated whenever a change is signaled by the Physical Layer.

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
4.2.1.8.3.4	Modified (deleted requirement)		Requirement deleted	If the No Bit Lock Flag is not used, it shall be set permanently to '0'.
4.4.1.6 (new)	New requirement	When extracting and reconstructing Packets from Frame Data Units, the Packet Assembly Controller Function specified in 4.4.9 may be used.	New requirement added: added the Packet Assembly Controller	
4.4.2.5 (new)	New requirement	When extracting and reconstructing MAP_SDUs from Frame Data Units, the Packet Assembly Controller Function specified in 4.4.9 may be used.	New requirement added: added the Packet Assembly Controller	
4.4.9	New section	Packet Assembly Controller Function	New section with new requirements added (4.4.9)	

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
4.4.9.1	New	<p>Overview</p> <p>The Packet Assembly Controller Function can be used by the MAP Packet Extraction Function to reassemble Packets and by the MAP Reception Function to reassemble MAP_SDUs.</p> <p>The Packet Assembly Controller Function includes the handling of exceptions. When the function detects an exception it enters a lockout state. In the lockout state, it does not reassemble or deliver Packets or MAP_SDUs. When it receives a valid MAP Reset command, the Packet Assembly Controller Function exits lockout state.</p> <p>Despite the word “packet” in its name, the function can be used for Packets and for MAP_SDUs: the name is inherited from earlier standards.</p>	New	
4.4.9.2	New	<p>MAP Identifiers for the Packet Assembly Controller Function</p>		

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
4.4.9.2.1	New requirement	<p>Each instance of the Packet Assembly Controller Function shall use a pair of MAP Identifiers with the following properties:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) The pair of MAP Identifiers identifies one MAP for data and one MAP for control. b) The MAP Identifier for the data MAP has the most significant bit set to '0'. c) The MAP Identifier for the control MAP has the same value as the data MAP except that the most significant bit is set to '1'. <p>NOTE The MAP Identifier is a 6-bit value. Therefore, the data MAP has an identifier in the range 0 to 31 and the control MAP has an identifier in the range 32 to 63. So, control MAP Identifier = data MAP Identifier + 32, and the least significant 5 bits of the two MAP Identifiers are the same.</p>		
4.4.9.2.2	New requirement	<p>The MAP Identifier in the Segment Header of a frame carrying Packet or MAP_SDU data shall be set to the MAP Identifier of the data MAP.</p>		

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
4.4.9.2.3	New requirement	<p>The MAP Identifier in the Segment Header of a frame carrying a control segment shall be set to the MAP Identifier of the control MAP.</p> <p>NOTE A control segment can contain a MAP Reset command: see 4.4.9.4.</p>		
4.4.9.3	New	Behaviour of the Packet Assembly Controller Function		
4.4.9.3.1	New requirement	For frames with the MAP Identifier of the data MAP, the Packet Assembly Controller Function shall reconstruct the Packets or MAP_SDUs from the Frame Data Units, using the Sequence Flags of the Segment Header of each Frame Data Unit.		
4.4.9.3.2	New requirement	<p>The Packet Assembly Controller Function shall have a reassembly status flag set as follows:</p> <p>a) '0' when the Packet Assembly Controller Function has completed reconstruction of a Packet or MAP_SDU;</p> <p>b) '1' when reconstruction of a Packet or MAP_SDU is in progress in the Packet Assembly Controller Function.</p>		
4.4.9.3.3	New requirement	The Packet Assembly Controller Function shall enter a lockout state when it detects one of the following errors:		

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
		<p>a) an incorrect sequence of Frame Data Units, as indicated by the Sequence Flags;</p> <p>b) a control segment with an invalid format.</p> <p>NOTE - The following is a list of the incorrect sequences of Sequence Flags that cause the Packet Assembly Controller Function to enter lockout state. The values for the Sequence Flags are shown in parentheses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a first segment ('01') followed by a first segment ('01'); • a first segment ('01') followed by a no segmentation ('11'); • a continuing segment ('00') followed by a first segment ('01'); • a continuing segment ('00') followed by a no segmentation ('11'); • a last segment ('10') followed by a continuing segment ('00'); • a last segment ('10') followed by a last segment ('10'); • a no segmentation ('11') followed by a continuing segment ('00'); • a no segmentation ('11') followed by a last segment ('10'). 		

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
4.4.9.3.4	New requirement	The Packet Assembly Controller Function shall have a lockout status flag set as follows: a) '1' when the Packet Assembly Controller Function is in a lockout state; b) '0' when the Packet Assembly Controller Function is not in a lockout state.		
4.4.9.3.5	New requirement	When the Packet Assembly Controller Function is in a lockout state, it shall not reconstruct Packets or MAP_SDUs.		
4.4.9.3.6	New requirement	When the Packet Assembly Controller Function is in a lockout state, it shall remain in that state until it receives a MAP Reset command as specified in 4.4.9.4.		

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
4.4.9.3.7	New requirement	<p>The Packet Assembly Controller Function shall report its status to the sending end, including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) the MAP Identifier of the data MAP, and b) the reassembly status flag, and c) the lockout status flag. <p>NOTE - The correct operation of the Packet Assembly Controller Function relies on its status being known by the sending end. This Standard does not specify the format of the status information nor the mechanism to be used to transport it from the Packet Assembly Controller Function to the appropriate entity at the sending end. It also does not specify any resulting behaviour at the sending end, such as the decision to send a control segment containing a MAP Reset command.</p>		
4.4.9.3.8	New requirement	<p>When the Packet Assembly Controller Function receives a MAP Reset command and the reassembly status flag is '1', the function shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) discard the partially reconstructed Packet or MAP_SDU, and b) set the reassembly status flag to '0'. 		

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
4.4.9.3.9	New requirement	When the Packet Assembly Controller Function receives a MAP reset command and the function is in lockout state, the function shall exit lockout state. NOTE The MAP Reset command is used, for example, to recover from breaks in the sequence of received frames due to link difficulties or unplanned termination of transfer services.		
4.4.9.4	New	Control segment and MAP Reset command		
4.4.9.4.1	New requirement	A control segment shall have a length of one octet.		
4.4.9.4.2	New requirement	The Sequence Flags in the Segment Header of a control segment shall be set to '11'.		
4.4.9.4.3	New requirement	The MAP Identifier in the Segment Header of a control segment shall contain the MAP Identifier of a control MAP.		

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined)	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
4.4.9.4.4	New requirement	<p>A valid control segment shall be considered to be a MAP Reset command.</p> <p>NOTE 1: A control segment is a special case of a Frame Data Unit. It has no User Data field and therefore consists of a Segment Header only.</p> <p>NOTE 2: If a Frame Data Unit has the MAP Identifier of a control MAP but it does not conform to these rules then it is considered to be an invalid control segment.</p>		
Table 5-1, in row <i>Presence of Frame Error Control</i>	Modified (Text in a Table 5-1)	Present	CCSDS text in Table 5-1 modified: word "absent" deleted.	Present, Absent
Table 5-4, in row <i>Maximum Frame Data Unit Length</i>	Modified (Text in a Table 5-1)	Integer (up to <u>1017</u>)	CCSDS text in Table 5-1 modified: number "1019" changed into number "1017".	Integer (up to 1019)

Clause or requirement number	Applicability	Applicable text for ECSS (the new/added text is underlined>	Comments	Text as in the original CCSDS document (deleted text with strikethrough)
6.3.7	Modified	<p>In a Transfer Frame with SDLS, the Frame Error Control Field shall occupy the two octets following, without gap, the Security Trailer if the Security Trailer is present, or the Transfer Frame Data Field if a Security Trailer is not present.</p> <p>The Frame Error Control Field of a frame with SDLS shall conform to the specifications of 4.1.4.2 and 4.1.4.3.</p>	<p>CCSDS requirement modified: words “if present” deleted; references to the sections 4.1.4.1.1, 4.1.4.1.3 deleted.</p>	<p>In a Transfer Frame with SDLS, the Frame Error Control Field, if present, shall occupy the two octets following, without gap, the Security Trailer if the Security Trailer is present, or the Transfer Frame Data Field if a Security Trailer is not present.</p> <p>The Frame Error Control Field of a frame with SDLS shall conform to the specifications of 4.1.4.1.1, 4.1.4.1.3, 4.1.4.2, and 4.1.4.3.</p>

Annex A (informative)

Differences from ECSS-E-ST-50-04C

A.1 General

Clause 4 of this document contains normative additions and modifications concerning some of the differences between [CCSDS 232.0-B-4](#) and ECSS-E-ST-50-04 (superseded by this Adoption Notice). This Annex describes some additional differences that are not covered by Clause 4.

This Annex lists the differences of technical content, but it is not the purpose of this Annex to provide complete details on each item in the list or to describe the consequences of each item in the list.

A.2 Differences

A.2.1 Specification of service interfaces

Section 3 of [CCSDS 232.0-B-4](#) provides a formal abstract specification of a set of service interfaces, including service primitives and parameters, provided by the TC Space Data Link Protocol. There was no equivalent in ECSS-E-ST-50-04.

A.2.2 Interfaces for Space Data Link Security (SDLS)

[CCSDS 232.0-B-4](#) specifies the optional interfaces for using the Space Data Link Security (SDLS) protocol with TC Transfer Frames. ECSS-E-ST-50-04 did not include support for interfacing to SDLS. Therefore, this Adoption Notice – unlike the ECSS-E-ST-50-04C – offers to ECSS users the option of using the Space Data Link Security (SDLS) protocol with TC Transfer Frames.

A.2.3 Managed parameters

Sections 5 and 6.6 of [CCSDS 232.0-B-4](#) have a normative specification of the managed parameters used by the TC Space Data Link Protocol. Annex E of ECSS-E-ST-50-04 had an informative specification, and referred to the parameters as mission configuration parameters.

A.2.4 Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement

Annex A of CCSDS 232.0-B-4 has a normative specification of the Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) Requirements List (RL) for an implementation fulfilling the standard. Instructions for PICS generation are given. ECSS-E-ST-50-04 did not include a PICS.

Bibliography

ECSS-E-AS-50-21C Rev.1	Space engineering - Adoption Notice of CCSDS 131.0-B-4, TM Synchronization and Channel Coding
ECSS-E-AS-50-22C Rev.1	Space engineering - Adoption Notice of CCSDS 132.0-B-3, TM Space Data Link Protocol
ECSS-E-AS-50-23C Rev.1	Space engineering - Adoption Notice of CCSDS 232.0-B-4 , AOS Space Data Link Protocol
ECSS-E-AS-50-24C Rev.1	Space engineering - Adoption Notice of CCSDS 231.0-B-4, TC Synchronization and Channel Coding
ECSS-E-AS-50-25C Rev.1	Space engineering - Adoption Notice of CCSDS 232.0-B-4, TC Space Data Link Protocol
ECSS-E-AS-50-26C	Space engineering - Adoption Notice of CCSDS 232.1-B-2, Communications Operation Procedure-1
ECSS-E-ST-50-01C 31 July 2008	Space engineering - Space data links - Telemetry synchronization and channel coding
ECSS-E-ST-50-03C 31 July 2008	Space engineering - Space data links - Telemetry transfer frame protocol
ECSS-E-ST-50-04C 31 July 2008	Space engineering - Space data links - Telecommand protocols synchronization and channel coding