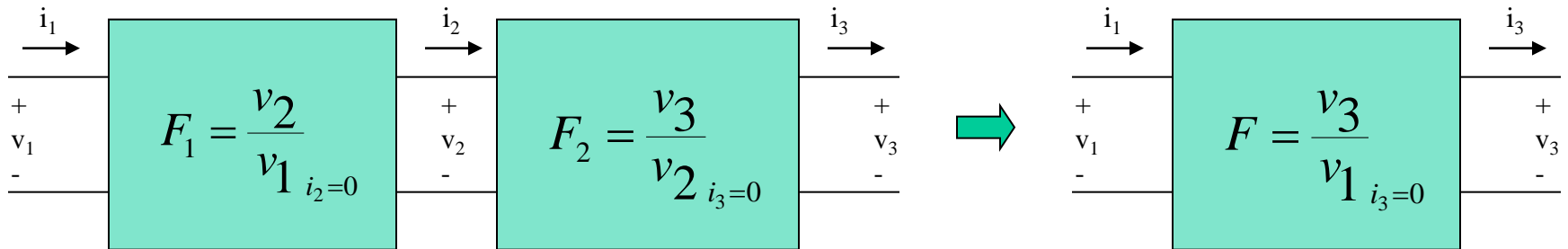


## Stability of blocks in cascade 1/5



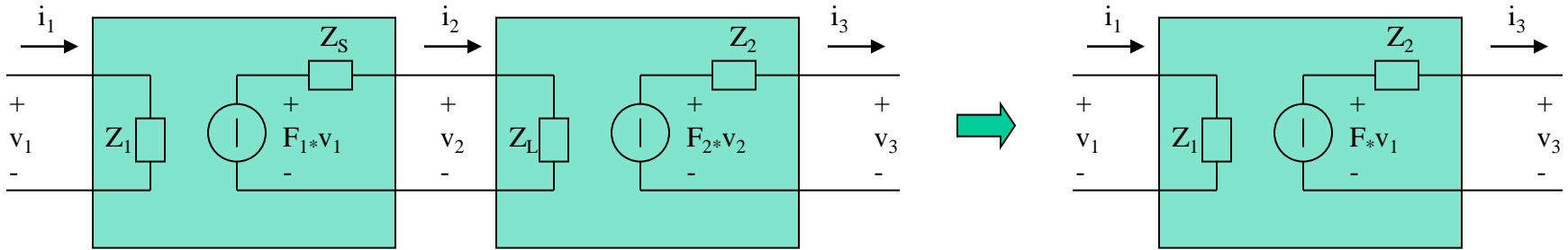
### Statement of the problem

If  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  are stable, which are the

- Sufficient
- Necessary

conditions for the stability of the cascade  $F$  of the two blocks  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  ?

# Stability of blocks in cascade 2/5



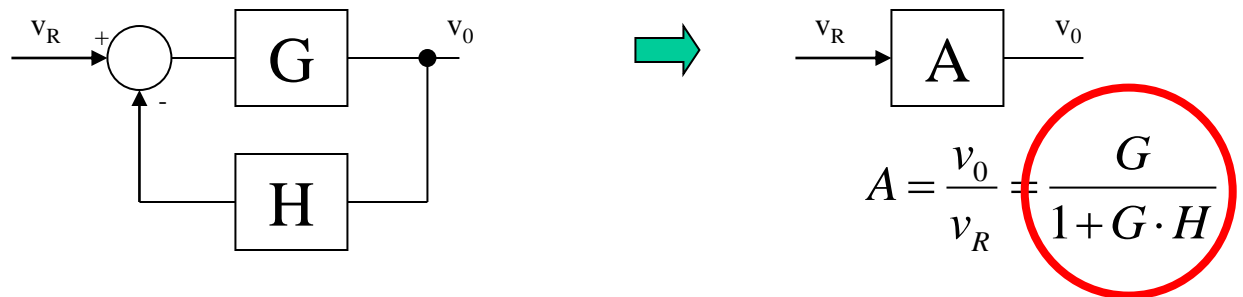
$$F_1 = \frac{v_2}{v_1} \Big|_{i_2=0}$$

$$F_2 = \frac{v_3}{v_2} \Big|_{i_3=0}$$

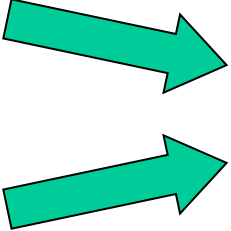
$$F = \frac{v_3}{v_1} \Big|_{i_3=0}$$

$$F = \frac{F_1 \cdot F_2}{1 + \frac{Z_S}{Z_L}}$$

Note the analogy with stability of closed loops:



## Stability of blocks in cascade 3/5

$$F = \frac{F_1 \cdot F_2}{1 + \frac{Z_S}{Z_L}}$$
$$A = \frac{G}{1 + G \cdot H}$$

$$G = \frac{P}{1 + Q}$$

Conditions for Stability

Necessary  
& Sufficient

The criterion of Nyquist, of course!

Sufficient

For example, the following “revised” Bode Stability Criterion:

a closed-loop system is stable if the **open-loop system Q is stable** and the frequency response of the open-loop transfer function has an amplitude ratio of less than unity at all frequencies corresponding to  $f = -180 - n \cdot 360$  deg, where  $n=0,1,2,\dots$

# Stability of blocks in cascade 4/5

Example 1,  
“Just” stable

Bode plot



Adobe Acrobat Document

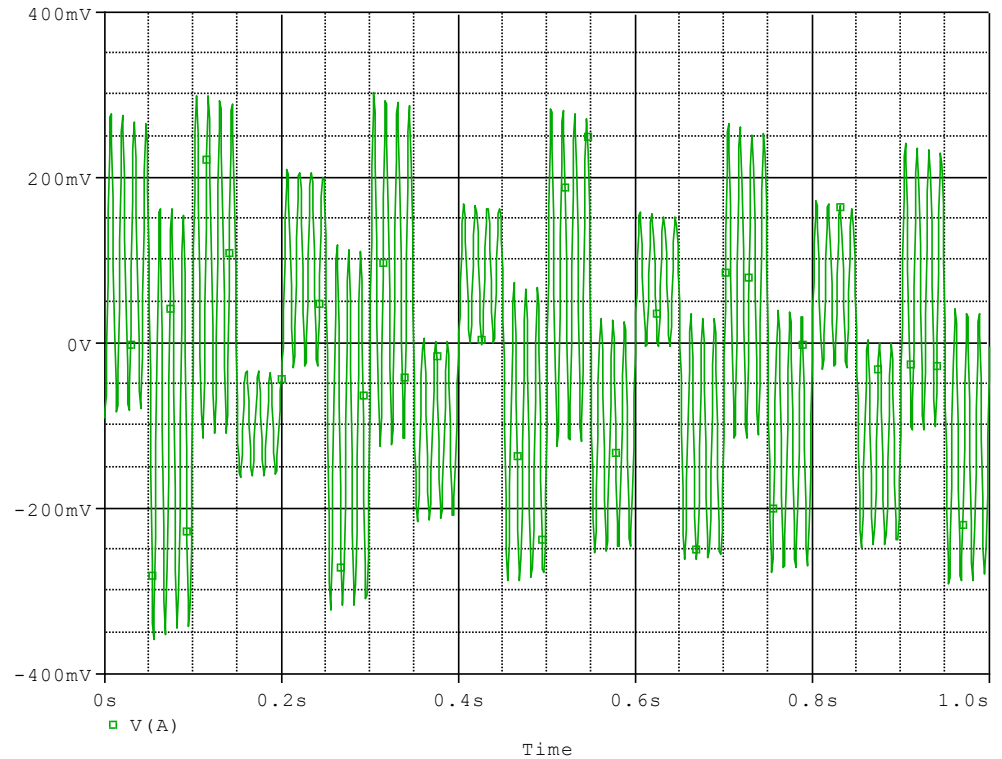
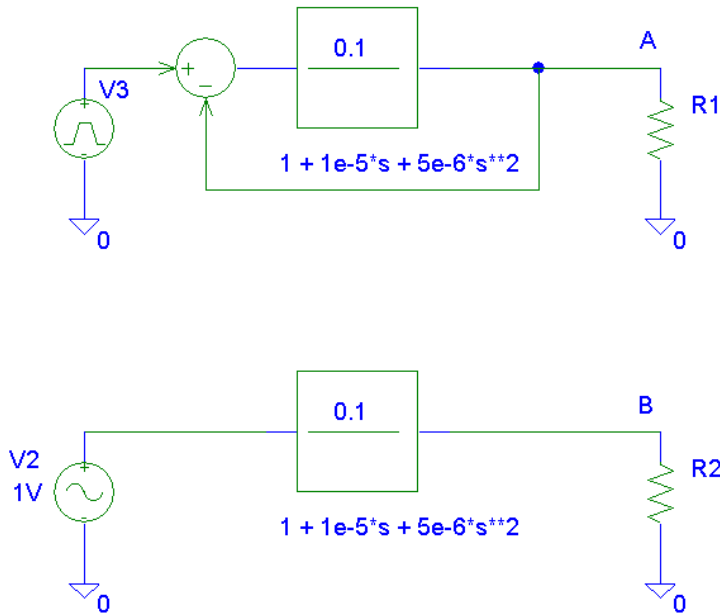
Nyquist plots



Adobe Acrobat Document



Adobe Acrobat Document



# Stability of blocks in cascade 5/5

Example 1,  
“Just” unstable

Bode plot



Adobe Acrobat Document

Nyquist plot



Adobe Acrobat Document

